for his approval on the 12th day of March, A: D. 1921, but was not signed by him nor returned to the house in which it originated, with his objections thereto, within the time prescribed by the Constitution, and thereupon became a law without his signature.—C. W. Payne, Chief Clerk, Acting Secretary of State.]

Effective 90 days after adjournment.

## PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

PROVIDING THAT ONLY NATIVE BORN OR NATURALIZED CITIZENS SHALL BE QUALIFIED ELECTORS.

S. J. R. No. 1.] SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Section 2, Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by providing that only native born or naturalized citizens of the United States shall be qualified electors in this State, and permitting either the husband or the wife to pay the poll tax of the other and receive the receipt therefor, and permitting the Legislature to authorize absentee voting.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 2 of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 2. Every person subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years and who shall be a citizen of the United States and who shall have resided in this State one year next preceding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which such person offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector; provided, that electors living in any unorganized county may vote at any election precinct in the county to which such county is attached for judicial purposes; and provided further, that any voter who is subject to pay a poll tax under the laws of the State of Texas shall have paid said tax before offering to vote at any election in this State and hold a receipt showing that said poll tax was paid before the first day of February next preceding such election. Or if said voter shall have lost or misplaced said tax receipt, he or she, as the case may be, shall be entitled to vote upon making affidavit before any officer authorized to administer oaths that such tax receipt has been lost. Such affidavit shall be made in writing and left with the judge of the election. The husband may pay the poll tax of his wife and receive the receipt therefor. In like manner the wife may pay the poll tax of her husband and receive the receipt therefor. The Legislature may authorize absentee voting. And this provision of the Constitution shall be self-enacting without the necessity of further legislation.

SEC. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State at an election to be held throughout the State on the fourth Saturday in July, 1921,

at which all voters favoring said proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words "For the Amendment to Section 2 of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that only native born or naturalized citizens of the United States shall be qualified electors in this State, and providing that either the husband or wife may pay the poll tax of the other and receive the receipt therefor, and permitting the Legislature to authorize absentee voting." And all those opposed to said Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots, "Against the Amendment to Section 2 of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing that only native born or naturalized citizens of the United States shall be qualified electors in this State, and providing that either the husband or wife may pay the poll tax of the other and receive the receipt therefor, and permitting the Legislature to authorize absentee voting."

SEC. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Sec. 4. That the sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

[Note.—The enrolled bill shows that the foregoing Resolution passed the Senate with amendments, yeas 24, nays 0; and passed the House of Representatives with amendments, yeas 116, nays 3; and that the Senate concurred in the House amendments, no vote given.]

## RELATING TO THE COMPENSATION OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS; AND TO MILEAGE AND PER DIEM OF MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

## S. J. R. No. 4.] SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION.

A Joint Resolution of the Legislature of the State of Texas amending Sections of the Constitution of the State of Texas as follows: Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4, relating to the compensation of executive officers; and Section 24, Article 3, relating to mileage and per diem of members of the Legislature; of this State,

## Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Sections 5 and 21 and 22 and 23 of Article 4, and Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 5. He shall, at stated times, receive as compensation for his services an annual salary not to exceed Eight Thousand (\$8,000.00) Dollars and no more, and shall have the use and occupation of the Governor's Mansion, fixtures and furniture.

Section 21. There shall be a Sceretary of State, who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall continue in office during the term or service